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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/806,583	03/23/2004	Jennifer L. Thompson	CN0201USNA	2249
23906	7590 03/22/2006		EXAM	INER
E I DU PONT DE NEMOURS AND COMPANY			LEE, RIP A	
<ul> <li>LEGAL PAT</li> </ul>	FENT RECORDS CENT	ER .		<del></del> .
BARLEY M	ILL PLAZA 25/1128		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
4417 LANC	ASTER PIKE		1713	
WILMINGT	ON, DE 19805			•

DATE MAILED: 03/22/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/806,583	THOMPSON ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
·	Rip A. Lee	1713	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet	vith the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUN 36(a). In no event, however, may will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO, cause the application to become	ICATION. a reply be timely filed  ONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	action is non-final. nce except for formal ma	•	
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw  5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-3 and 5-10 is/are rejected.  7) ☐ Claim(s) 3 and 4 is/are objected to.  8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o  Application Papers  9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine  10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accent applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	wn from consideration.  r election requirement.  r.  epted or b) objected the drawing(s) be held in abeytion is required if the drawing.	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		•	
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in rity documents have bee u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No In received in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 09-07-04; 09-13-05.	Paper N	v Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date f Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 	

Art Unit: 1713

## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Objections

1. Claim 3 is objected to because of the following informalities: Please insert the word "polycarboxylic" prior to the word "acid" so that the terminology is consistent with that of the parent claim. Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
  - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
  - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
  - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
  - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Application/Control Number: 10/806,583

Art Unit: 1713

4. Claims 1-3 and 5-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Osborn et al. (U.S. 4,221,697).

Osborn et al. teaches a casting composition comprising a polymerizable organic liquid. inorganic filler particles, and polymeric dispersant. The first component is a methacrylate ester liquid monomer and/or preformed polymer (claims 1-5). The inorganic filler has a maximum particle size of 100  $\mu$ , and 95 % of the particles are of size 10  $\mu$  or less (col. 5, lines 10-15). There may also be incorporated coarse, granular filler particles having an average diameter of at least ten times greater than the average diameter of the inorganic filler. In this case, the average diameter of the granular filler is at least 100 µ. The polymeric dispersant contains a plurality of anchoring groups Y, wherein Y is a carboxyl/carboxylate group, and it has a molecular weight of at least 3000 (col. 6, lines 59-65). The reference does not show a working example wherein the distribution of the granular filler is at least 100 µ, however, one of ordinary skill in the art would have found it obvious to make such a composition because Osborn et al. clearly establishes these guidelines in the text. And since the prior art indicates that this is a useful particle size, one of ordinary skill in the art would have expected such an embodiment to produce a successful casting composition. It is also noted here that one of ordinary skill in the art would have found it obvious to arrive at the subject matter of the instant claims by use of inorganic filler with a maximum particle size of 100  $\mu$  and having 95 % of the particles are of size 10  $\mu$  or less (i.e., 5 % may have a maximum size of 100 µ), because this limitation is taught specifically in the reference. By doing so, one of ordinary skill in the art would arrived at the subject matter of the instant claims because there is no indication that the first and second particles have necessarily different identity and because there is no indication of the magnitude of the claimed distribution. One of ordinary skill in the art would have found it obvious to use 1 wt % of the polymeric dispersant since the patent indicates that a handleable syrup contains at least 1 wt % of polymeric dispersant (col. 26, line 10).

Application/Control Number: 10/806,583

Art Unit: 1713

5. Claim 4 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be

Page 4

allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and

any intervening claims. The particle distribution of the claim is not taught or made obvious in

the cited prior art.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Rip A. Lee whose telephone number is (571)272-1104. The

examiner can be reached on Monday through Friday from 9:00 AM - 5:00 PM. If attempts to

reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Wu, can be

reached at (571)272-1114. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or

proceeding is assigned is (571)273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see <a href="http://pair-direct.uspto.gov">http://pair-direct.uspto.gov</a>. Should you have questions on the access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll free).

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March 20, 2006

DAVID W. WU SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

ECAMOLOGY CENTER 1700